

GIRL'S DEATH MYSTERY; SEEK MAN

THE WEATHER

Forecast: Fair tonight and tomorrow. Temperatures: 8 a. m., 44; 10 a. m., 49; 12 m., 54; 2 p. m., 55.

THE ATLANTA GEORGIAN EXTRA

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ATLANTA, GA., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1912.

2 CENTS EVERYWHERE PAY NO MORE

WOODWARD HOME; SEES \$200,000 WASTE

Back From Tour of Investigation, Renews Attack on the Present Crematory Pact.

FEARS DISEASE PERIL IN RAZING OF OLD PLANT

Upon his return today from an extended inspection trip of garbage disposal plants in various cities, James G. Woodward, Atlanta's next mayor, declared that Atlanta's city officials were about to spend \$200,000 too much on a new crematory and electric power plant.

"I am convinced that the power plant, to cost \$100,000, will be practically useless," he declared. "Without that feature, \$278,000 is too much money for the contemplated crematory. I have seen all the crematory plants the Destructor Company of New York has built in the East. I am satisfied that if the plan outlined is carried out it will be a great mistake."

"We ought not to tear down the old crematory until the new one is complete," he said. "It is not necessary to build the new crematory upon the site of the old."

Mr. Woodward remarked that he was not a citizen. As a citizen he said he would go before the aldermen's board next Thursday, when it meets to consider the resolution to demolish the old crematory, and present the information he had collected and his reasons for opposition to the plan that has been adopted.

"And I would like to have the editors of all the Atlanta papers present," he said.

Untried Experiment, Asserts Woodward.

Declaring that his motive for taking his position was solely business economy for Atlanta, Mr. Woodward said he felt no animus toward the Destructor Company or any one else. He said he had made a thorough personal investigation and that he wanted the officials to consider it from a dispassionate viewpoint.

"The plan of a combined crematory and power plant is wholly experimental," he began. "No city has any such plant in successful operation."

"In order to produce a force draft and provide the power to be used around the plant, the type of plant adopted by the city council must have boilers. I saw such plants in Milwaukee and on Staten Island."

"When it comes to using this power to pump the city's water or light the White Way we are faced with a joke. In Milwaukee they collect garbage from 400,000 citizens. The estimated power from that amount of garbage is 800 kilowatts per day."

"It is absurd to figure that Atlanta's garbage will produce 1,200 kilowatts."

"Our contract with the Destructor Company provides that for \$100,000 a power plant will be installed in connection with the crematory. On the grounds that we are to have a municipal electric plant, a number of city officials have announced their support of the contract."

"But I say that that power plant would be a failure."

"The Destructor Company is building a garbage plant at Paterson, N. J., for approximately \$75,000. It is a 60-ton capacity plant. The company has contracted to operate for one year. If it does not prove successful, they will tear it out and receive no pay."

"That's the sort of contract Atlanta needs."

Price Fixed Too High, He Declares.

"In view of the cost of these two plants, \$278,000 is too much for a 250-ton plant for Atlanta."

"We must preserve the old crematory, which can be repaired for about \$20,000. It will burn more than 100 tons a day. We should build a new plant to supply our needs, instead of spending more than a quarter of a million dollars for something which will prove impractical."

Dr. W. L. Gilbert, president of the board of health, said today that Mr. Woodward was responsible for all the present delay in the building of a crematory and electric power plant.

The board of health has been investigating this matter for more than two to other cities. He has made inspection trips to other cities. He has been advised that the best possible one we can secure.

GUNMEN SAY VALLON AND ROSE SLEW GAMBLER

"Gyp the Blood" Declares Stranger Aided in Killing of Herman Rosenthal.

ASSERTS POLICE DIDN'T WANT REAL SLAYERS

NEW YORK, Nov. 14.—That Deputy Police Commissioner Dougherty did not want to know the name of the actual slayer of Herman Rosenthal, the gambler, but that he thought he had the goods on the four gunmen now on trial for the murder and wanted to convict them, was the declaration of Harry Horowitz, "Gyp the Blood," under cross-examination this afternoon. Despite every effort, Deputy Prosecuting Attorney Moss was unable to shake the early testimony of the accused gunman.

Horowitz swore that he and Frank Muller, or "Whitey Lewis," went to a saloon on Second avenue about 10 o'clock on the night of July 15, and were later joined there by "Lefty Louie." They stayed there until midnight. Then they went to Louis Webber's poker room at Sixth avenue and Forty-second street, where they met Frank Cirfled, or "Dago Frank," the fourth gunman. Sam Schepps, Harry Vallon, Webber, Jack Rose, and a strange man were all there, "Gyp" said. Places Guilt For Slaying on Others.

Soon Rose, Webber, Vallon, Schepps and the stranger went out, but in fifteen minutes the stranger returned. "Dago Frank" then left for home, "Gyp" said, but he (the witness), Rosenberg and Mullen went with the strange man toward the Metropole hotel, two blocks away.

Then followed Horowitz's story of the actual shooting in which he exonerated himself and his friends, placing the guilt on others.

"We stopped in front of the Metropole, Rose, Vallon, Webber and Schepps started to cross the street. The strange man joined them and we started across to meet them half-way. All of a sudden, just as they were opposite the doorway of the Metropole, the strange man turned. There was a flash and a shot, and I saw Vallon and Webber shooting at a figure. The stranger joined in the shooting. We were frightened and ran toward the subway station. We got into an up-town train and rode to our apartment in Seventh avenue. 'Dago Frank' was there when we arrived. I never shot any one. Neither myself nor any of my three companions carried weapons. I did not know until half past 8 the next morning that any one had been killed."

Denies in Every Detail Rose's Story.

"Gyp" denied singly and collectively every statement in the testimony of Rose as to the trip to the Garden restaurant early in July for the purpose of murdering Rosenthal when the plot was balked by the presence of a Burns detective. Horowitz said he did not know Rosenthal.

"Rose never asked me to kill Rosenthal and I and my friends never said we were ready to do the job tonight," said the witness with vehemence.

District Attorney Moss began cross-examination bringing out first that "Gyp," as young as he is, has been convicted five times of crimes.

Without a trace of embarrassment Horowitz admitted that he had never done any work, living by thievery.

The witness told the following story of his and Lefty Louie's whereabouts after the murder:

"We went to 2729 Seventh avenue, directly after the murder, and next day went to Yonkers. From there we went to Kingston, then to Monticello and finally to Harvard, Conn. Then we returned to New York on July 22. We intended to give ourselves up and walked past police headquarters while discussing this, but I objected at the last minute, saying they would stick a murder charge on us."

Gyp and Louie then went to Brooklyn, where they remained until captured two months later.

Frank Muller, alias "Whitey Lewis," followed Gyp, the Blood, on the stand. He corroborated the testimony given by Gyp to the effect that Jack Rose, Harry Vallon and Bridgie Webber were the gunmen who fired the shots into the gambler's body. He denied that he or any of the gunmen had fired any of the shots and declared their arrests were the result of a plot hatched by Rose, Vallon, Webber and Schepps, who wanted to place the blame on them.

White Christmas for Fulton Now Certain LATEST COTTON SEASON HERE



Scenes in cotton fields in Fulton county, where the late crop will not be completely picked till after the New Year.

ALDERMAN MADDOX AND DR. MANER NEAR FISTICUFF IN COURT

"I'll swear that what he says is not true. If he doesn't like it, he's as big as I am, and knows what he can do," said Alderman J. W. Maddox in police court this afternoon, but two policemen moved between the alderman and Dr. J. W. Maner, of 349 Luckie street, and no fight took place.

Alderman Maddox was being tried for conducting a nuisance in that his wagons which he employs in his contracting work were causing Luckie street to become a river of mud. Dr. Maner was the principal witness and it was his testimony which caused Judge Broyles to fine the alderman \$15.

Fleecy Staple Will Be Unpicked Till New Year, According to Many Planters.

Atlanta will have a white Christmas. That's not a weather prediction. It's a fact. The white won't be snow, but it will be just as unusual, for it will be the fleecy staple, which for the first time in many years is still blooming in the fields around the city and which, according to farmers hereabouts, will not all be picked until after the present year has been tolled to its death.

The late summer, heavy rains and other weather conditions have delayed the cotton opening to an unprecedented extent and negro laborers are busy in the fields these days, shivering in the unaccustomed cold.

ALLEGED BALLOT BOX STUFFER TO BE TRIED BY GEORGIA SENIORS

ATHENS, GA., Nov. 14.—Following charges of ballot box stuffing in the recent election held at the University of Georgia by the members of the three senior classes—academic, law and pharmacy—for the editor-in-chief and two associate editors of The Pandora, the annual publication of the university, the three classes met in joint session late yesterday afternoon and heard the report of a committee that had been appointed to make an investigation. Resolutions were adopted calling for a trial of the alleged offender, and next Tuesday night was set for the hearing.

Something never before heard of in local college circles will take place when a regular, well ordered trial, with a jury, judge, sheriff and other court officers, will probe the matter. The senior classes are taking the charges in a serious matter and in order this trial they seem to be taking a step that is prompted by anything but folly.

HORSEBACK RIDING AND CYCLING FOR WILSON ON OUTING

PRINCETON, N. J., Nov. 14.—Bicycling and horseback riding will be the chief recreations of President-elect Woodrow Wilson upon his vacation, which begins Saturday. The president-elect has a bicycle here, but he will not take it to Bermuda with him. He said he would get a new wheel when he reached his destination.

The newspaper correspondents who will accompany the governor have gone into training, for they, too, will adopt cycling and horseback riding. Several of them already are suffering from saddle boils and are working on a new-fashioned saddle, containing a layer of pillows upon the seat.

O'BRIEN, SECRETARY OF GIANTS, RESIGNS; M'CUTCHEON NAMED

NEW YORK, Nov. 14.—J. W. McCutcheon, a director of the New York National league baseball club, was today named secretary, replacing Joseph D. O'Brien, of Milwaukee, former head of the American association. The announcement was made following a meeting of the board of directors. The board also appointed Mr. Mumpstead, son-in-law of John T. Bush, as vice president of the Giants' club.

The name of a successor for O'Brien came as a surprise in baseball circles. It was said, however, that the strain of steering a championship club like the Giants through a hard season, and especially a championship series had proved too great for him. He is now in the West.

LARZ ANDERSON MADE AMBASSADOR TO JAPAN

WASHINGTON, Nov. 14.—Larz Anderson, United States minister to Belgium, was today appointed ambassador to Japan to succeed Charles P. Bryan.

HUNT YOUTH AS DEATH OF FIANCEE IS PROBED; POISON THEORY IS HELD

Miss Minnie Marchman Dies in Ashburn in Convulsions—Coroner Has Warrant Sworn Out for Tan Cleghorn, Her Friend, Who Has Vanished.

ASHBURN, GA., Nov. 14.—The body of Miss Minnie Marchman, a beautiful young girl, lies unburied while Atlanta experts are waiting to examine the contents of her stomach. A warrant has been issued against Tan Cleghorn, a young farmer, charging him with having caused the death of Minnie Marchman, and officers are searching for him. Cleghorn has been missing for four days.

Preparations had been made for the burial of the young woman, who lived with her widowed mother six miles from Ashburn, when the family physician and friends of the family became suspicious and ordered the funeral stopped. It is reported here that Cleghorn and Miss Marchman were sweethearts, and visited Ashburn together some days ago. While there, it is said, Cleghorn purchased fruit and candies which he gave to Miss Marchman, and after eating these she was attacked with convulsions and died in agony.

At the coroner's inquest today the mother of the dead girl testified that she died after eight convulsions, foaming at the mouth and with every indication that she had been poisoned. The mother had not seen her daughter take any medicine, and there was no trace of poison in the house.

Dr. Funk was interested to learn that the discharges from Ashburn stated that Miss Marchman died after two hours of suffering. Then he continued: an autopsy, the thing to do in poison cases is to tie up the stomach at both ends so that the juices will remain intact, and have examination made under chemical and microscope. Strychnine can be taken into the stomach and absorbed either in the stomach walls or the walls of the intestines and leave no apparent sign behind. Only expert examination brings out beyond question the cause of death."

Doctors Dixon and Thompson, of the village of Rebecca, were called to the inquest. They removed the stomach from the body of Miss Marchman and forwarded it to the state chemist at Atlanta for a close examination. It is expected that the analysis will reveal just what poison, if any, killed the girl.

Friends of the dead girl say Cleghorne had promised to marry her and their visit to Ashburn was ostensibly with the purpose of securing a marriage license, but Cleghorne made some excuse and the pair agreed to postpone the wedding for a few days. The girl went back to her home in the country and Cleghorne disappeared. It was four days after his disappearance that Minnie Marchman died.

She and young Cleghorne had been "going together," as young folk say, for many months, and their marriage was looked upon as a certainty. But for some time Miss Marchman had been avoiding her friends and living almost as a recluse, seeing only Cleghorne.

Stomach Examined For Poison Here.

Miss Marchman's stomach was received in Atlanta Monday afternoon by Dr. John Funke, director of the Carnegie laboratory of pathology and bacteriology, a department of the Atlanta College of Physicians and Surgeons on North Butler street, from Dr. J. W. Dickson of Rebecca, near Ashburn, Ga. Dr. Funke has handled many poison cases, having up to two years ago been in the pathological department of Jefferson Medical college, Philadelphia.

Dr. Funke started examining the stomach Tuesday morning. The examination had not proceeded far enough, he said, to give out anything definite to show poison had been used, made, declared Dr. Funke. "The first there are two examinations to be made, and the second is microscopic, of the chemical, of the gastric secretions, membranes in the lining of the stomach. Hydrochloric, nitric sulphuric and other acids are used in analyzing the gastric juices, and a high-powered microscope in determining whether the membranes have been affected by poison."

Makes Two Tests to Determine Death Cause.

"I have started both examinations, that of the juices first, and while that is on I have started the other, so that the analysis of the case is progressive. About three or four days are required to tell anything definitely. Owing to the fact that my present conclusions might be erroneous, I won't say what progress has been made thus far."

"In cases of sudden death the man-

MADDOX SEABOARD DIRECTOR; HARAHAN TO SUCCEED HIMSELF

PETERSBURG, VA., Nov. 14.—The stockholders of the Seaboard Air Line met here at noon today in annual session and elected the directors of the road for the coming fiscal year. The directors will meet Tuesday, November 26, in Baltimore for organization and election of officers. It is conceded that W. J. Harahan, of Norfolk, will succeed himself as president. The directors named today are:

Milton B. Altes, of Washington; Jas. A. Blair, New York; Franklin O. Brown, New York; Charles R. Capps, Norfolk; James C. Colgate, New York; Samuel L. Fuller, New York; W. J. Harahan, Norfolk; Wilson S. Kinear, New York; Lill B. Lane, Savannah; Maddox, Atlanta; N. S. Meldrum, New York; L. F. Loree, New York; Robert F. York; J. William Middendorf, Baltimore; Norman B. Ream, Chicago; Ferris Reid, Norfolk; W. T. Rosen, New York; Charles H. Sablin, New York; Townsend Scott, Baltimore; Benjamin Strong, Jr., New York; A. P. Tallaferrro, Jacksonville; Frank A. Vanderbilt, New York; S. Davies Warfield, Baltimore; George W. Watts, Durham, N. C.; A. H. Wiggin, New York; A. H. Woodward, Birmingham; B. F. Yeakum, New York.

M'MANIGAL DECLARES M'NAMARA PRAISED TIMES DYNAMITERS

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 14.—Ortie McManigal, testifying this afternoon at the dynamite trial, told the jurors that when he took J. J. McManara a copy of a newspaper telling of the Los Angeles Times explosion and pointed out that many people had been killed, J. J. said:

"Yes, that's pretty bad, but I sent J. B. out there to give those Los Angeles people a good cleaning up, and I guess he has gone and got in with those state federation of labor people and they have sent him down after those printers. I guess that will teach them a thing or two out there."

NEGRO SLAYER LYNCHED BY MOB AT OCALA, FLA.

JACKSONVILLE, FLA., Nov. 14.—French Neils, a negro, who killed an aged white man and his daughter at McIntosh, Fla., was lynched by a mob in the Ocala, Fla., jail this afternoon